

# LOUISIANA NEWS.

Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.

VOL. IX, NO. 5.

LOUISIANA, LAWRENCE COUNTY, KENTUCKY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1893.

M. F. CONLEY, Publisher.

## NEWS ITEMS.

British newspapers say the white house infant is a boy.

The total admissions to the World's fair Wednesday were 210,250, of which 177,425 paid.

Rob Bruno murdered his wife at Toronto, Ark. for sitting up with a sick child of a neighbor.

Peter Maher and Joe McAniff are matched to fight in "Frisco" in an effort to revive pugilism there.

The committee on territories has decided to report a bill for the admission of Utah as a state.

Two hundred men resumed work Friday at the Harpers ferry in Kentucky, at the old rate of wages.

Acting Hospital Steward Charles, Omondson, now at Fort Thomas, Ky., is transferred to Fort McPherson, Ga.

Author Allender's little boy was accidentally shot and instantly killed by his cousin near Red House, W. Va.

Both children are under six years.

Mr. Brookshire, of Indiana, Thursday introduced a bill providing for the erection of a public building at Brazil, Ind., at a cost not to exceed \$25,000.

The two Roberts billiard match at Chicago resulted Friday night in Roberts' favor.

The score at the close stood 1,300 for Roberts to 1,000 for the other.

It is reported in Dublin that Archbishop Walsh has gone secretly to the United States upon a mission connected with the welfare, spiritual and temporal, of the Irish.

The bill authorizing the sale of the old custom house in Louisville, Ky., was ordered to be favorably reported by the house committee on public buildings Friday.

Emperor William has sent a telegram from Vienna to President Roosevelt, expressing sympathy with him in his illness and offering him the use of one of the imperial castles.

A Washington special to the New York Mail and Express says that Senator Hill finds that his business engagements and senatorial duties will prevent him going in Ohio.

While a prize fight was "on" at New York, Va., the door of the building was thrown into the cellar. Miraculously, no one was fatally injured.

Hon. Robert Barnard died at his home in Lexington, O., Wednesday.

He was 81 years old, and represented Richmond county in the state legislature from 1874 to 1878 as a democrat.

William Thayer, for many years night editor of the Boston Post, was found dead in his room at the Hotel Vassar, Boston. Death is thought to have been the result of natural causes.

Mrs. William Thayer's four-year-old child was fatally poisoned by a spoiled apple near Columbus, Ind. A vast number of the reptiles have made their appearance in that section this dry season.

It was definitely closed Wednesday afternoon by the directors of the World's fair to close the fair on October 31. The fair may remain open two or three days after that date, but not as an exposition.

James H. Baldwin was hanged at Kansas, Cal., Friday afternoon for the murder of Mrs. Price, the wife of a prominent citizen. Baldwin killed the sheriff and other bystanders good-by and died bravely.

Terrant, the French bicyclist, has left Paris for St. Petersburg, from which city he will start back Tuesday to Paris on his wheel, in the hope of establishing a record for a journey from St. Petersburg to Paris.

Mr. Henry Wylie Norman has withdrawn his acceptance of the office of vicerey of India. Sir Henry bases his decision on the fact that his strength is not equal to the routine of work that falls to the lot of vicerey.

News has reached Toronto of the drowning of six persons near Collingwood. Their names are Walter Morris, his father, Alfred Woods, his wife and mother and James Denby. They were out in a skiff and were capsized by a squall.

John T. Matlier, a dry goods clerk, 21 years old, was drowned near Collinsville, Ind., Thursday, the result of excessive cigarette smoking. He had softened of the brain, and he wants to kill all of his acquaintances.

The well-known stoic-chase horse, Fortty, owned by Albenus Nolan of Albany, N. Y., died Wednesday. He was on his way from the east to San Francisco. Fortty was a horse of good class 7 years old, by Venturino-Carrie Mae.

George Harris, a postmaster of Mason county, was arrested and taken to Charleston, W. Va., Wednesday, by a deputy United States marshal. He is charged with sending an obscene letter through the mail to Miss Della Ends, a prominent young lady.

Ernest Armstrong, age 13, living near Delaware, O., fell from a load of corn fodder on his father's farm, Sunday, the wheels, which passed over his abdomen, so seriously injuring him that he suffered excruciating pain for two hours before death came.

The large barn belonging to M. T. Miner, southeast of Chagrin Falls, O., was totally destroyed Wednesday by a fire with 40 tons of hay, agricultural implements, wagon, buggy and a large amount of lumber. Miner fell from his house and sustained serious injuries. Loss by fire, \$1,500; partly insured.

Edward Higman, a 7-year-old boy, living at 1909 Sidney street, St. Louis, committed suicide Wednesday by hanging. The little fellow put a necktie about his neck, and, tying it to the gutter, ran up the stairs, swinging off. Strangulation caused death.

An official statement of the census bureau shows that the total number of persons granted since March 4, 1901, 53,300. Of these 4,125 were issued since August 20, of which 1,173 were original and 1,350 increases. Of the original pensions granted 328 were for disabilities contracted in the service and the line of duty, and 216 were under the act of June 27, 1890.

The Indiana state fair closed Friday. The fair has not been a success financially. The attendance, except on Thursday, was exceedingly meager, and the receipts have been not less than \$10,000 short of expenses. Premiums, however, will be paid in full.

Secretary of State Richard, upon the advice of Atty.-Gen. Richards, Thursday refused to incorporate the Guaranty Trust and Investment Co. of Toledo, O., his objection being that it is a "wild cat" concern. He states that besides being otherwise objectionable, it partakes of the nature of a lottery.

## THE INDEPENDENCE.

On Congress Considered as Antagonistic to the President-Senator Stewart Replies to the Executive.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The eighth week of the present extraordinary session and the sixth week of the debate on the repeal bill was begun Monday morning with the senate meeting at 11 a. m. The attendance of senators was unusually small.

The resolution offered last Saturday by Mr. Stewart (R., N. Y.) as to the coordinate departments of the government was laid before the senate. Here is its text:

Resolved, That the independence of the coordinate departments of the government—the legislative, the executive and the judicial—must be maintained, and that the use of the power and influence of one department to control the action of another is in violation of the constitution and destructive of our form of government.

Mr. Stewart began, to address the senate on the resolution, but had not spoken more than a few sentences when he was interrupted by Mr. Manderson (Rep., Neb.) with the remark that his resolution was a most important one, and that it would be the duty of the senate to make sure that it should be heard by a full senate. He suggested that there was no quorum present. The roll was called, and forty-four senators (one more than a quorum) responded.

Mr. Stewart then went on with his speech. He began with a citation from President Cleveland's speech last Monday on occasion of commemorating the hundredth anniversary of the laying of the cornerstone of the capitol. This speech had been made by a president having more than 100,000 federal offices to dispose of, and with a veto power which had been designed only for extraordinary occasions, backed by concentrated capital and encouraged and flattered by a real press. He described Mr. Cleveland on that occasion as turning his face toward the senate wing of the capitol and in angry and menacing tones using the following language:

"If the representatives who here assemble to make laws for their fellow countrymen forget the duty of broad and disinterested patriotism and legislate in prejudice and passion, or in behalf of sectional or selfish interests, the time when the corner stone of the capitol was laid and the circumstances surrounding it will not be worthy of commemorating."

This declaration, Mr. Stewart said, had been cheerful and encouraged by thoughtful multitudes, and construed by a vast press as a rebuke from the president of the United States to the senate. The struggle for constitutional liberty, he continued, of the Anglo-Saxon race had been long, arduous and attended with many sacrifices, had lasted now for nearly a thousand years. He went on to quote, at great length, from Macaulay's History of England as to the parliamentary struggle with the Stuart kings.

Coming back to the present time, Mr. Stewart charged the president in disregard of his oath of office to execute the laws—had permitted the secretary of the treasury to violate the law of January 14, 1890, which made the purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion per month mandatory. In proof of this charge he presented a letter from the secretary of the treasury showing in the month of July last 6,000,000 ounces of silver bullion had been offered and only 2,500,000 ounces purchased, and in August 3,750,000 ounces offered and only 3,587,500 ounces purchased.

He had not yet the statement of this month, but he understood that the purchases were still less, although silver bullion was offered far below the cost of production.

## REPEAL MEN.

To Force the Senate to Vote Upon the Silver Question.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The rumor revived Monday night, but not verified, that the advocates of repeal in the senate have formulated a plan by which they will force a vote on the silver bill. The plan is not disclosed, but it is intimated that it is some arbitrary method. Vice-President Stevens left the city Monday night for Allentown, Pa., where he is to be the guest of ex-Gov. Black for a day or two.

## DEEDS SHOT.

CONY ISLAND ATHLETIC CLUB ARENA, Sept. 20.—George Dixon is still the featherweight champion of the world, the wonderful, colored pugilist nobly defending his title against Solly Smith, of California, in this fighting ring by the sea Monday night. It was not an ignominious defeat for the western aspirant, for he fought well and gamely until the last, and a second round, when he was knocked out by a blow from his opponent's right hand. Dixon has a good chance for the fight. It was the hardest fight Dixon has had, and he received from the Californian more punishment than he has got in any of his previous battles.

## THE PLAGUE IN RUSSIA.

ODESSA, Sept. 20.—Reports from cholera in different parts of Russia are alarming. Reports from thirteen out of twenty-five governments show 1,140 cases, all fresh cases within the past few days. In the same time in the same governments there have been 1,520 deaths. The government of Polesia, which is most afflicted by the epidemic, is not included in these returns.

## SHOT TO DEATH BY A MOB.

NEW HARTFORD, Tex., Sept. 20.—Perry Bratcher, wanted for criminally assaulting a white woman, was found on the Arkansas border Monday by citizens. Bratcher's body was riddled with bullets, and was hanging from a limb.

## YOUNG WOMAN SHOTS A CONSUM.

ODESSA, Sept. 20.—A young lady named Boudanovna fired a shot Monday at the German consul. The shot took effect in the consul's arm. The wound is not serious. The girl used a revolver of small caliber. She was arrested, and refused to talk.

## GLASS WORKS TO START UP.

POTTSVILLE, Ind., Sept. 20.—The Ohio Flint Glass works at Pottsville will start its fires about October 1. Employment will be given to 200 people—100 skilled men and the balance common laborers and boys. The factory is a new one and will engage in the manufacture of fine glassware.

## CHURCH BURNED.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Monday afternoon the Episcopal church on Breckinridge and Seventy-sixth streets took fire from the explosion of a lamp and was entirely destroyed.

## A TRUCE.

Only a Postponement of the Filibustering Tactics.

And Not an Abandonment of Them—The Federal Election Bill Will Stay a Star Part After October 12—Two Weeks More of Talk.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—A truce has been declared on the silver fight in the senate. It is only a postponement of the filibustering tactics and not an abandonment of them. It is a compromise, but at the same time a defeat for Senator Voorhees, who has almost willingly played into the hands of the southern democrats and let them have all the time they want to fall against silver repeal until the house passes the Tucker repeal and the federal election laws and it will come to the senate. This is exactly what the southern democrats want—the vote on the silver repeal postponed until they can antagonize it with the repeal of the federal election law, and Voorhees by his actions Friday has fallen into line as quietly and easily as the most ardent silver man could wish.

For about two weeks more the senate will do nothing but talk. Voorhees claims to have discovered that it was useless to press his motion for all-night sessions—because if he did the silver men could filibuster all they wished and fire out the repeaters rather than themselves. This was shown by their action this week, but it is acknowledged here by those who understand the situation thoroughly that the new arrangement by no means does away with the filibustering which is inevitable. It merely postpones it.

At the close of the week or two weeks for which the senate will go on with a stated debate has expired the same question must be met again. There are pending amendments to the bill, as well as an infinite range of opportunity for amendments yet unborn. Upon each of the amendments, present and to come, the silver men can argue with plausibility that they have a right to be heard.

Added to all this will be the presence of the bill for repeal of the federal election laws on the senate calendar. The senate expects to send it to the house by October 12, and if it comes to a light place the silver men will try to call it up and displace the silver repeal bill.

Should this scheme be successful it would greatly weaken the chances for repeal of the Sherman law. From the day the silver men have been in the house for nothing to lose. They think that the country may so far regain its wonted prosperity within a month that people will think the Sherman act not responsible for the panic, and as Mr. Scott announced, the pending measure may go the way of the four bills. One thing seems to be assured, and that is for the next week things will go on quietly in the senate. The silver men, according to the plan adopted Friday night, will be able to talk daily from 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., excepting an hour or so which will be devoted to the routine of the routine, business of the senate, and the repeaters will have to sit by and calmly listen to the rehashing of old straw.

It is safe to say that for the next few days there will be a small attendance of senators, because during the truce the leaders will not have to be on guard, nor will the senators be compelled to attend as they were when the war was on.

Meanwhile the president intends to use this time for work. He stated Saturday morning that he was as content as ever of direct vote upon the repeal bill, and that it was only a question of endurance upon the part of the senate, and his intention was to defeat consideration of any other business until the silver bill is disposed of.

A remarkable Bill Prepared by a Missouri Senator.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Representative De Armond, of Missouri, has prepared a bill for a graded income tax on rather remarkable lines. It imposes a tax on all incomes in excess of \$10,000 per annum, the amount to be fixed each year by the secretary of the treasury, the total amount of revenue to be secured to be equal to the amount appropriated for the payment of pensions for that year. Taking the rate of the tax as \$100,000,000 as a basis, that on incomes of from \$20,000 to \$100,000 shall be twice as large; on incomes of from \$100,000 to \$200,000, three times as large; on incomes of from \$200,000 to \$500,000, four times as large; on incomes of from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000, five times as large; and on all incomes in excess of \$1,000,000, six times as large.

Can't See the Hint.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 20.—The Sovereign Grand Lodge Old Fellows completed work and adjourned after confirming the refusal of the grand sire to furnish Archbishop Kater with a copy of the ritual of the order. The archbishop requested a copy in order that he might know whether there was anything objectionable in it from the standpoint of the church. The Sovereign grand lodge confirms the decision on the grounds that no authority exists for revealing the secret of the order to any one not a member.

A Texas Terror.

LAMPASAS, Tex., Sept. 20.—News has reached here from McAnneyville, about 18 miles west of the killing of Mrs. Arrington by Jim Baxter. Mrs. Arrington owned considerable property in that neighborhood, and as was her usual custom, she was around collecting and looking after her property. She had a dispute with Baxter over some matter and the killing was the result. Mrs. Arrington bore an unenviable reputation, having been in the United States penitentiary for pension fraud, and it is reported that she had killed two or three men.

Provision for Brunswick, Ga.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Dr. Jenkins, health officer of the port, has issued a statement to the effect that he would send the Morgan line steamship Albatross, through the kindness of C. F. Huntington, to the destitute people of Brunswick, Ga., and the ship will be freighted with provisions which will be distributed by a committee of citizens of the afflicted town. A physician from Dr. Jenkins' staff will accompany the vessel and look after the sanitary condition, going and returning. All contributions to the Albatross cargo will be welcomed by Dr. Jenkins.

## BANDITS DEFEATED.

A Dummy Train Loaded With Police—Attack It and Are Met With a Shower of Bullets—Two Killed, Three Captured and One Escaped.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 20.—A bold attempt at train robbery was cleverly frustrated here just after midnight Monday morning. As a result two would-be train robbers are dead and three are behind the bars in jail. Of six men who attempted the robbery only one escaped.

The robbers who were killed are Fred Kohler and Hugo Gleits. The three men captured are N. A. Hurst, Henry Garver and Charles Fredericks. John Gleits escaped, the train which the bandits had attempted to rob was passenger train No. 3 on the Kansas City, St. Joseph and Council Bluffs railroad, which left Kansas City at 9:05 p. m. Sunday night, and which arrived here at 12:10 Monday morning.

The officials of St. Joseph had been notified that the robbery of the road had been planned and they notified the police. When the train arrived here a dummy train was made up and sixteen police officers under command of chief of police were put aboard. In order to thoroughly deceive the robbers, the train was made an exact duplicate of train No. 3, and consisted of an engine and tender, an express and baggage car and the usual coaches and Pullmans.

When the dummy reached a point two miles south of St. Joseph, the engine and tender were stopped, and the attention was arrested by a lighted lantern moving to and fro between the rails. He obeyed the signal and soon six masked men surrounded the engine. One of the bandits motioned the train and presented one revolver at the engine's head, while the other five men kept them in subjection, while the other five men hastened to rob the express car. They ordered the messenger to open the door, which he did forthwith. The bandits entered the car, leaving the messenger to guard the train. The messenger was shot in the head, and died shortly after. The three robbers engaged in the fight, were not injured and were placed under arrest. None of the officers were injured.

While the fight was going on, in the rear of the police, the two robbers who had been left outside to keep watch. The police quickly took them in and placed them under arrest. The bandit who had been detailed to guard the engine and train quickly realized the situation when he heard the battle going on in the express car and promptly made his escape. A detail of officers was put on his track and quickly took up the pursuit, with every prospect of capturing the fugitive.

THEY KNEW THEIR SECRETS.

Food Murder of a Woman by Anarchists—Her Husband Heaten and Left for Dead.

ST. PETERSBURG, Pa., Sept. 20.—Mrs. August Reese was murdered and her husband brutally and seriously beaten by anarchists at Calamity, Pa.

Calamity is a small mining town, twenty miles south of here. There are two factions among the miners, one favoring the other opposing another. The Reese family belongs to the latter. Some time ago Mrs. Reese learned the secrets of the anarchists and her death was at once decreed. Sunday night while they were returning from church they were met by two of the anarchists named Matt Lisen and Angus Brice, who met upon the road. Mrs. Reese was killed at the second shot. The murderers then turned upon the husband and beat him into insensibility, after which they left him for dead. The firing attracted the attention of the police, and the couple on the road. Reese was soon revived and told the story of the assault. A party was organized and Lisen was captured as he was leaving town. Brice had succeeded in getting away.

Constable Mahaffey says the murder of the woman was a case of the Frenchman's career ago. Mrs. Reese became acquainted with the facts and she were to leave for Canada, where they were to blow up public buildings. Upon discovering that their secrets were being exposed, they decided to kill her. They were caught out of the way. It is thought Brice will be captured later.

New Tax Machine.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 20.—George R. Cowles, a pattern-maker of this city, has invented a machine for making gas from wood. Besides 100,000 cubic feet of gas it will produce from a cord of wood, 100,000 cubic feet of charcoal and two gallons of tar, worth altogether \$48. A patent has been granted the inventor. The machine is very simple, consisting of a retort and purifying chamber, with a tank to hold the gas.

A Pitiable Sight.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 20.—A pitiable spectacle was seen on the streets of Stoughton, Joseph Lisen is a feeble old veteran whose pension was his only support. Two months ago his pension was taken from him by a recent ruling, and it lay on his mind. He put on his old army uniform, with a cap, and shouldered his old army musket, with his rusty bayonet, all of which he had kept since the close of the war. Thus accoutered he tottered through the streets of Stoughton crying "bread or blood." Kind friends took care of him.

The Campground Aground.

VALETTE, Malta, Sept. 20.—The British battleship Campden, flagship of Rear Admiral Markham, grounded Monday morning at the entrance of the harbor. Efforts to luff her have thus far been unsuccessful. She is in a dangerous position. The Campden is a day gunner. The vessel recently, during the maneuvers of the British fleet off Tripoli, Syria, ran into and sank the battleship Victoria, causing great loss of life among the crewed being Vice Admiral George Tryon. The Campden was sustained considerable damage forward in the collision, and shortly after her arrival here she was placed in dock.

Proved an Alibi.

BRIMFIELD, Ala., Sept. 20.—Wm. Bell, sentenced to death here for murder, has succeeded in proving an alibi. He has the story of the murder and the murder was not committed by him.

## AN UGLY STORY.

Two Banking Institutions Furnish a Big Scandal.

One Banking Institution Wrecked to Benefit Another is the Charge—The German National Bank Accused of Collateral for Worthless Paper.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 20.—Louisville is to have another bank scandal, and if rumor speaks truly it will be the ugliest and most sensational one that has ever shocked this city, which of late years has had more than its share of such scandals.

Two bills, it is said, are in course of preparation, which involve the Louisville Deposit bank, which lately assigned, and the German National bank, an institution which has been in business for more than two decades.

The style of the first suit will be "The individual creditors of Moses Schwartz, late president of the Deposit bank, vs. the German national bank, Adolph Reutlinger, president, and Albert Reutlinger, cashier."

The second suit will be in the name of and for the benefit of the stockholders of the Louisville Deposit bank vs. the German national bank, Adolph Reutlinger, president, and Albert Reutlinger, cashier.

It will be filed in the United States court, and will be brought on this grounds that the defendants joined and Moses Schwartz, entered into a criminal conspiracy to wreck and defraud the Louisville Deposit bank for the benefit of the German National bank. The Deposit bank was organized in April, 1891, and it is charged that the Reutlingers personally interested themselves in the bank, and induced friends to subscribe for stock, giving it out that the German National bank would give business, and Albert Reutlinger, who himself took \$100,000 worth of stock, would be made cashier of the Deposit bank.

They had carried Schwartz, who was in the whiskey business for years, it is charged, and knew that he was totally insolvent, that in order to save himself from bankruptcy entered into a conspiracy with him to loot the Deposit bank for his own benefit. It is charged, were as follows: The German national bank loaned the Deposit bank a considerable amount of ready cash, which was later paid back, but based on it at the same time \$50,000 worth of Schwartz' paper, which it is said was worthless. In other words the German national bank received good collateral in exchange for the bad paper. This is the gist of the suit to be posted.

Albert Reutlinger denies all the allegations, and states that all his transactions with the Deposit bank were perfectly honorable.

He had consented, he said, to become the Deposit bank's cashier, but was induced to remain with the German national bank by an increase of salary, after he had sold his stock. One of the attorneys for the plaintiffs is A. Kohn, who himself had been a big stockholder in the Deposit bank.

## FOUNDERED.

The Russian Warship Pousalka—Ten Officers and One Hundred and Fifty Seamen Drowned.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 20.—Fragments of wood-work, coats and other wreckage have floated ashore in the Gulf of Finland, showing that the Russian warship Pousalka, with ten officers and one hundred and fifty seamen, and that all hands are lost.

The Pousalka sailed on Tuesday from Revel in the Gulf of Finland, for Helsingfors, in the same gulf, and has not been heard from since.

The Pousalka had four and one-half inches of armor, carried four nine-inch guns, was of 750 tons displacement, had two hundred and twenty horse-power, was classed as having a speed of eighteen knots and was built in 1867.

The body of a sailor, supposed to have belonged to the wrecked ship, was washed ashore in the Gulf of Finland, and it is known that several gales swept over these waters since after she left port. There is no doubt, as the admiralty states, that the Pousalka has foundered.

## THEY GIVE UP.

And Thirty Thousand Men Will Now Obtain Employment.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 20.—Another conference of the joint scale committee of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America and the Iron and Steel Workers and Manufacturers will take place this week, and the workmen will concede the 10 per cent reduction in the finisher's department, which they refused when the conference was in session last July.

Two weeks ago the Amalgamated Association voted down a proposition to reconvene the conference, but the lodges have since reconsidered this and are now ready to meet the manufacturers and sign the scale at the reduced rate. If the question is settled at the next meeting, it is probable that the mills throughout the country which are now idle will resume operations. The reduction will affect the wages of 10,000 men, and will give employment to 30,000 men. At present about two-thirds of the mills in the country governed by the Amalgamated scale are shut down.

## SHOW STERN IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Stern show Stern has swept over northern England following an unusual spell of warm weather. Dispatches from Italy say that the Appennines are covered with snow. Meteorologists say that this year's snow is an indication that Europe will have an unusually hard winter.

Rebel Experimenters Assassinated.

HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. 20.—Sunday morning G. M. Bess, county superintendent of schools, was murdered by an assassin who entered his home and struck him several times with a bar of iron while he was asleep. No clues.

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## KENTUCKY STATE NEWS.

The Louisville and Nashville officials early the other morning called upon the Louisville police for protection to their property. The striking shopmen had gathered in the Tenth street yards and threatened the men brought to Louisville to take their places, from going to work. They protested, however, that they had no thought of violence. Everything is quiet and no indication of further trouble.

This McDowell will case was settled at Danville by a verdict from the jury in favor of the executors.

The third bridge across the Ohio river at Louisville, from East Louisville to Jeffersonville, is to be completed as rapidly as possible. Work was suspended at the completion of the pier and one approach three years ago; but recently the Big Four Railroad Co. secured control of the property, and will use the bridge for an entrance to Louisville.

At Henderson the circuit court has decided that the tax assessment of \$1,000,000 against the Henderson Bridge Co. is illegal and the sheriff is enjoined from collecting taxes on this valuation. The court puts the valuation at \$850,000.

A. WILKIE THURMOND, a mail carrier, fell dead with hemorrhage of the lungs at Lexington.

Two children of John Horn, colored, aged 11 and 7, were playing near the barn of J. T. Young, of Oustend, when one said to the other, "Less burn de barn." They found chunks of fire left from firing the tobacco, placed them by a post, and piled shavings on top. In a few minutes the structure was in flames and burned down, destroying 900 sticks of fine tobacco.

CHAS. HOLE, a prominent citizen and member of the well-known grocery firm of Day, Hoff, of Frankfort, and a member of the city council of Frankfort, died at Farmville, N. Y., a small village in the Adirondack mountains, of consumption.

At Lexington James Robinson, who shot at the Magnolia land during a riot of Brocton some time ago, was sentenced to the penitentiary for six years the other evening.

FAIRBANK J. COCHRAN, of Calloway county, is dying from hydrophobia, having been bitten by a small dog seven years ago.

REV. DR. CHASE, as he styles himself, is in jail at Danville awaiting trial for the charge of burglarizing the Cincinnati National bank ticket office at Junction City, four miles south of Danville. He is charged with stealing five valuable tickets, Chase says he is a returned African missionary, and has been delivering